September 12, 1771. NUMB. 2229.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

NAPLES, May 14.

ON Thurſday laſt Mount Veſuvius began to ſend out columns of black ſmoak with loud exploſions; and ſoon after a Lava burſt forth, near the ſame ſpot where the great eruption was in the year 1767. Their Sicilian Majeſties are prepared to leave Portici at a moment's warning: But as the Lava has taken its courſe towards Reſina (the ſpot under which the ancient city of Herculaneum is buried) and does not menace Portici, it is thought the Court will not remove. The Lava is about 5 miles in length, has deſtroyed ſome vineyards, and is ſtopped within a mile of Reſina. Mr. Hamilton, his Britannic Majeſty's Miniſter at this Court, had the honour of conducting their Sicilian Majeſties to the Lava, which happened to be remarkably curious at the moment of their arrival, having juſt taken its courſe into a deep trench, forming a moſt aſtoniſhing caſcade of fire, the fall of which was perpendicular, and not leſs than ſixty feet.

Stockholm, June 4. The King of Sweden made his entry into Stockholm laſt Thurſday evening, after having dined at the laſt ſtage, a mile and half from hence, where the Queen and the Senators had been invited to dine with him.

A triumphal arch was erected on this occaſion at the expence of the city; and the people in general expreſſed the greateſt joy at his Majeſty's arrival, and accompanied the coach from the gate to the palace, in ſuch numbers, that it got along with difficulty.

The affability with which his Majeſty received all who have paid their Court to him, cannot fail to gain him the affection of his ſubjects, and of every one who has the happineſs to be admitted to his preſence.

Yeſterday the King appeared in the Senate for the firſt time, where his Majeſty repeated his aſſurances of governing according to law, and of uſing his beſt endeavours to render his people happy. And that every body may have eaſy acceſs to him, he has ſet apart an hour, three days in the week, to receive all perſons, of what rank ſoever, who deſire admittance.

Paris, June 7. We are credibly informed that ſix French ſhips of the line, three Frigates, and ſeveral tranſports laden with proviſions, are ſet ſail for the Eaſt-Indies.

Hague, June 18. Letters received here from Copenhagen, ſpeak with the higheſt applauſe of the preſent government of Denmark. The King, by the many wiſe and ſalutary ordinances which he has iſſued during his reign, is loved and adored by his People, who with reaſon call him the Father of his Country. It is ſaid that the Count d'Oſten, the preſent Prime Miniſter of Denmark, a Nobleman of great underſtanding, and a conſummate Politician, hath been a principal inſtrument in procuring the happineſs which the inhabitants of that kingdom now enjoy; and it is the more to his honour, becauſe, when he took the miniſterial reins, affairs were in a very perplexed ſituation.

LONDON.

June 13. It is in vain, ſays a ſenſible Correſpondent, to hope for a free Parliament in this kingdom. The country boroughs are by a great majority under the influence of the Peers, and the Peers are by a great majority under the influence of the Miniſters. So that, with the form of a limited monarchy, the Britiſh government is in fact as abſolute as the Great Mogul's, and muſt continue as abſolute till the dæmon of ſelf-intereſt is totally baniſhed from the boſoms of mankind.

June 15. An evening paper ſays,---Lord Weymouth repeatedly ſolicited the office of Privy Seal, in the room of Lord Suffolk; but as the Biſhopric of Durham was given to the Bedford faction, it was ſaid, "they ought to be ſatisfied with that;" therefore Lord Bute called forth his oſtenſible Deputy, the Duke of Grafton, and prevailed upon the King to appoint him Privy Seal.---Lord North, who had taken the helm when the D. of Grafton, in the moſt cowardly manner, deſerted it, ſeemed diſſatisfied with the idea of his Grace's coming into an office, which gave him a place in the Cabinet; but he was aſſured, that his brother is to be the new Biſhop, and it was hoped that would quiet him. But leſt it ſhould not, or to prevent his being refractory, the King has given him Buſhy Park for himſelf; to which is annexed a ſalary of 600l. per ann. And Lord Suffolk, &c. (friends of the late Mr. Grenville) who had oppoſed the Duke of Grafton's Adminiſtration, ſet up a ridiculous pretence to conſiſtency, by affecting to diſapprove of the plan of introducing his Grace into a Cabinet office; but upon giving Lord Suffolk the poſt of Secretary of State, and amply providing beſides for Mr. Whately, they were ſatisfied.----Thus Lord Bute has ſettled his arrangements for the preſent.

A Correſpondent, who has ſeen ſeveral letters in the public prints, complaining of the great expences attending the naval review at Portſmouth, ſays, that the people of this country are never to be ſatisfied; when Sir Edward Hawke preſided at the Admiralty, the univerſal complaint was *negligence*; now that a ſtricter attention is paid to the condition of our fleet, the complaint is *extravagance*; ſo that whether their expectations are diſappointed or anſwered, fault muſt at all events be found, and nothing be right which is an operation of Government.

When a noble Lord was carried the other night to Wood-ſtreet Compter, the Watchman, on being aſked the reaſon why he brought him there, ſaid, "that as the other end of the town Gentry impriſoned our Lord Mayor, he would carry to priſon the greateſt of them all, if he found him acting riotouſly within his juriſdiction."

Extract of a Letter from Paris, May 29.

"The Chatelet is baniſhed, and the purport of their *Lettre de Cacket* is, that within twenty-four hours after receiving the Letter they quit Paris, and do not come within two leagues of it. The Chatelet was diſſolved yeſterday; many offices *(charges)* have been ſuppreſſed, and the baniſhed have the liberty of taking the new created offices, which will not be ſold. With reſpect to the ancient ones, it is promiſed that they ſhall be reimburſed, as well as thoſe of the old Parliament. It is ſaid that the King, who is tired of all this, will appoint a Commiſſion to examine every thing that has been done by the Chancellor and by the old Parliament; he will require that this Commiſſion lay their ſentiments before him. If this ſhould take place, and that the Commiſſion ſhould be compoſed of the following perſons who are named, affairs here would take a very different turn. The Duke de Penthievre, Prince de Soubiſe, Duke de Nivernois, Marechal Broglio, Duke de la Vrilliere, ancient Preſident Molé, M. Seguier, M. de Monclare, Attorney General to the Parliament of Aix. The Princes of the Blood are ſtill deprived of the *beatific viſion*, and indeed ſeem to care little about it. M. de Boulogne is ſet out for Holland, to try if he can ſucceed in borrowing eighty millions of livres (about 3,500,000l.) which is ſuppoſed impoſſible; yet his ſucceſs would procure him the appointment of Comptroller General. Abbé Terrai totters violently; but what is very certain is, that diſtreſs (le miſere) is at a pitch ſcarcely to be imagined. The emigrations are numerous and continual, particularly in Franche Comté, Lorraine, and Alſatia. A Receiver General told me the other day, and with aſſurance of his certain knowledge, that the population of *all* France amounted but to 13 or 14 millions; and that the receipt of the Farmers General was diminiſhed ſince January about 1,200,000 livres a month, and every month decreaſed."

June 18. An evening paper of laſt night ſays, notwithſtanding the Duke of Grafton is appointed Lord Privy Seal, he is not admitted to the cabinet. Lord North has ſo far prevailed, though he could not keep the Duke out of office, yet to keep him out of council. So that his holding the high office of Lord Privy Seal, may be conſidered as a penſion; a great nominal employment, without any duty.

Orders are given from the War Office for a ſurvey to be taken of all his Majeſty's land forces in Scotland and Ireland, and a report thereof to be made forthwith.

Lord Bute's ſeat at Luton Hoo is ordered to be beautified, and new-hung with paper, his Lordſhip intending to continue there during the ſummer, and not viſit the Continent.

June 20. The Magiſtrates of Edinburgh, Glaſgow, and Aberdeen, have come to the reſolution to put the laws of Scotland into execution againſt all Engroſſers, Foreſtallers, and Exporters of Cattle, &c. by which proviſions have been advanced to a price never before known in that part of the kingdom.

June 22. We hear that a Royal Proclamation will ſoon be iſſued out, for putting the laws in full force againſt all Foreſtallers, Monopolizers, and Regraters, in order to reduce the exorbitant prices of proviſions.

It is ſaid, that Lord L. is preparing to ſet out on a tour to foreign parts.

June 24. The Duke d'Aguillon, now Prime Miniſter for France, ſays a Correſpondent, is one of the compleateſt Gentlemen in Europe; he has gone through ſeveral offices of the higheſt conſequence with the approbation of his Prince; and was Intendant of the Provinces of Britanny and Normandy during the laſt war; he directed the operations of the French army in the year 1758, which, on the 11th of September, terminated ſo fatally for General Bligh, during the embarkation at St. Cas. On the 21ſt of November 1759, when Sir Edward Hawke deſtroyed the French fleet off Belleiſle, he was Intendant of Breſt and Gaſcony; and had the addreſs the very next day to go on board and pay a viſit to Sir Edward Hawke, by whom he was honourably entertained, and entered into an agreement, which at that time hindered the burning of ſome ſhips of war that had taken ſhelter in the River Villaine: A diſpute of an extraordinary nature aroſe between Sir Edward and him, touching a man of war, which each of them claimed, the moſt ſpirited letters paſſed between the two Commanders, but the Frenchman retained it. Being well acquainted with the ſtate of the dock-yards and finances, he has been fixed on at this juncture, when it is expected he will endeavour to reſtore France to as flouriſhing a condition as in the time of Cardinal Fleury, who died in 1743.

THE Members of the *Juliana Library Company*, in Lancaſter, are deſired to meet at their LIBRARY ROOM, in Lancaſter, on Monday, the 16th Day of September inſtant, at Three o'Clock in the Afternoon, to chooſe Directors, a Treaſurer, and a Librarian, for the enſuing Year, and to make their 12th annual Payment. WILLIAM ATTLEE, Secretary.

To be SOLD, by way of public VENDUE, on Wedneſday, the 9th of October next, if not ſold before by private SALE,

A VALUABLE plantation, with a good title, containing between 4 and 500 acres, about 200 whereof cleared, about 25 acres of good meadow, moſtly watered, and more may be made, the remainder very well timbered, and the whole well watered, with orchards ſufficient to make from 60 to 100 barrels of cyder each year, and one young orchard, containing above 800 trees; there is on ſaid place, a commodious ſtone dwelling houſe, 2 ſtories high, 46 feet by 28, with 5 rooms on the lower floor, and cellars under the whole, a good ſtone kitchen adjoining, 24 feet ſquare, a good ſpring of water, with a ſtone ſpring-houſe over it, a large barn, ſtables, cooper's ſhop, weaver's ſhop, ſtill-houſe, &c. the whole in good repair; ſaid place is on the line between the provinces of Maryland and Pennſylvania, and between the branches of Elk-river, within 8 miles of the Head of Elk, and 12 of Chriſtiana Bridge. Alſo to be ſold on ſaid day, horſes, cows and ſheep, with utenſils for huſbandry and houſe-keeping, too tedious to mention. The vendue to begin at 10 o' clock, where attendance, and reaſonable credit, will be given, by THOMAS SHARP. ¶

RUN away, in the night of the 3d inſtant September, from the ſubſcriber, an Iriſh ſervant man, named THOMAS CLEMANS, *a thick well ſet fellow, of a pale complexion, about five feet ſeven or eight inches high: Had on, and took with him, a grey coat, with white metal buttons, a purple and white checked jacket, white drilling breeches, and ſeveral other things, not yet known. There is likewiſe gone along with him, a woman, of a pale complexion and thin viſage, who no doubt will paſs for his wife. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid ſervant, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have* THIRTY SHILLINGS *reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by* DAVID THOMSON, *Ship-builder, living in* Southwark, PHILADELPHIA. ¶

To be SOLD, by public VENDUE,

On Saturday, the 12th of October, at 7 o' clock in the evening, at the London Coffee-Houſe,

A LOT of GROUND, ſituate upon the ſouth ſide of Spruce-ſtreet, between Fourth and Fifth-ſtreets, containing 36 feet front on Spruce-ſtreet, and in depth about 101 feet, together with the improvements thereon, viz. a 2 ſtory brick houſe, 2 ſtory brick kitchen, 2 ſtory frame building and ſtable; ſubject to a groundrent of Three Pounds Twelve Shillings per annum, and to a mortgage of 200l. and now rents for 28l. per annum; late the eſtate of Suſanna Fox, deceaſed. For further particulars, enquire of the ſubſcribers.

All perſons indebted to ſaid eſtate, are deſired to make immediate payment; and all thoſe who have any demands againſt ſaid eſtate, are requeſted to bring in their accounts, proved, within 6 weeks from the date hereof, that they may be adjuſted by

WILLIAM THORNE, PETER STIERWALTZ, Executors.

The ſubſcriber intends to open his evening ſchool (with a proper aſſiſtant) at the old ſchool-houſe, in Vidal's-alley, Second-ſtreet, on Monday, the 7th of October, for the inſtruction of youth in writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, menſuration, ſurveying, gauging, navigation, &c. WM. THORNE. ‖ 5 W.

To the FREEHOLDERS, and other ELECTORS, in and for the Borough and County of CHESTER.

RESPECTED FRIENDS,

AS I purpoſe to offer myſelf a Candidate for the Sheriff's Office, at the Expiration of our preſent Sheriff's Time (as limited by Law) I requeſt the Favour of your VOTES and INTEREST, at the enſuing ELECTION, in order to be voted on the RETURN with him. Your Favours ſhall be gratefully acknowledged by *Your aſſured Friend*, ELISHA JONES.

Springfield, September 6, 1771. ¶

To the FREEHOLDERS, and other ELECTORS, for the Borough and County of CHESTER.

GENTLEMEN,

YOUR voting me on the Return theſe ſeveral Years paſt, for Coroner, demands my public Acknowledgment, and I hereby do it with real Gratitude; and as I purpoſe to offer myſelf a Candidate for the Sheriff's Office, at the Expiration of the preſent Sheriff's Time, I take this early Opportunity to deſire the Favour of your Votes and Intereſt, at the enſuing Election, in order to be held in Memory for the ſaid Office, at the Time aforeſaid; which Favour ſhall be gratefully acknowledged by

Your ſincere Friend, JOSEPH GIBBONS, junior. §

To the FREEHOLDERS, and ELECTORS, of the Borough and County of LANCASTER.

THE Confidence you have repoſed in me, in chooſing me one of your Repreſentatives, to ſerve in Aſſembly, for a Number of Years paſt, merits my ſincere and hearty Acknowledgment; but as it is too hard for me to ſerve you longer in that Station, on Account of Age, and often cold Weather and bad Roads to travel, I muſt requeſt you would be pleaſed to elect another in my Stead, to ſerve you in that important Truſt, at the next Election. I am, your ſincere Friend,

¶ EMANUEL CARPENTER.

To the FREEHOLDERS, and other ELECTORS, for BERKS County.

GENTLEMEN,

SINCE for the laſt three Years you have been pleaſed to favour me as a Candidate for the Sheriff's Office, with a conſiderable Number of your Votes (for which I return you my ſincere and hearty Thanks) it has been an Encouragement to me to offer myſelf again a Candidate for the ſaid Office, at the next enſuing Election, and to requeſt the Continuance of your Votes and Intereſt; aſſuring you, at the ſame Time, that if I ſhould have the good Fortune to be choſen Sheriff by you, I ſhall make it my conſtant Study to diſcharge all the Duties of that Office with the Integrity, which the Laws of the Land, and my Attachment to you require. I am, GENTLEMEN,

Your devoted and moſt humble Servant,

Reading, Sept. 3, 1771. HENRY HALLER. ¶

To be poſitively SOLD, at public VENDUE, on Thurſday, the third day of October next enſuing, by the ſubſcriber, on the premiſes,

THE Public-houſe or Tavern, now in the tenure of John Dowdney, ſituate in Middletown, in the county of Bucks, at a place, commonly known by the name of the Four Lane Ends, within 22 miles of Philadelphia, 9 of Trenton, 7 of Briſtol, and 4 of Newtown.---The ſaid houſe is large and ſpacious, having 4 rooms on the lower floor, with an 8 feet entry through the ſame, 5 rooms on the ſecond floor, and 2 convenient garrets; a genteel garden adjoining the houſe, with a well and pump at the garden door, and a ſmall lot at the end of the garden, on which is erected a very good ſtable, the houſe, which is built of brick and ſtone, is in the beſt repair, being almoſt new; the ſituation very high and beautifully commodious, and ſo remarkably healthy, that intermitting fevers, fevers and agues, and fluxes, common to other places, are not known here. The adjacent neighbourhood, who conſiſt of the moſt wealthy and reputable farmers, are a kind, benevolent, converſable and agreeable people. To accommodate the ſaid Tavern (which may be converted into a Gentleman's country ſeat) will be ſold with the ſaid houſe, between 5 and 6 acres of woodland, capable (from a conſtant ſtream of water paſſing through it) of being made valuable watered meadow, as the ſoil is admirably well adapted to that uſe. The conditions of ſale will be made known on the day of vendue, which will be eaſy to the purchaſer. GILBERT HICKS.

Attleborough, September 3, 1771. ¶

PAUL ISAAC VOTO, Conveyancer,

HAVING removed from the corner of Black-horſe Alley, in Second-ſtreet, to the ſouth ſide of Cheſtnut-ſtreet, between Second and Third-ſtreets, oppoſite to the Fountain and White Horſe Tavern, gratefully acknowledges the favours of his former cuſtomers, and hopes for a continuance of them. Others, who may be pleaſed to employ him, ſhall be thankfully attended to; and thoſe, who want to lend or borrow money, by applying to him, may be aſſiſted therein.

N. B. Several ſums of money to be lent, on approved real ſecurity, in the city or county of Philadelphia. ¶ 5s.tf.

READY money for new and old BOOKS, to be had of SAMUEL DELLAP, at his Book and Print-ſhop, in Front-ſtreet, between Market and Arch-ſtreets, two doors above Pewter-platter-alley,----where there are to be ſold, the following collection of books,---Pope's, Fielding's and Chalkley's works; ſpectators; moral tales, and Beliſarius (by Marmontel) Robinſon's hiſtory of Charles the fifth; Mair's book-keeping; Churchill's poems; Telemachus, in Engliſh; Entick's dictionary; maid of quality; Yorick's ſentimental journey; memoirs of Corſica; characteriſtics of the preſent ſtate of Great-Britain; Tom Jones; Roderick Random; caſes of Great-Britain and America; Raſſalas; Death of Abel; Burdon's pocket farrier; Watts's pſalms; Lady Montague's poetical works, with additional vol. of her letters, &c. &c. with ſpelling books, teſtaments, and primers; alſo account books, pocket books, and memorandum books; and a parcel of views, neatly framed and glazed.---Propoſals are to be ſeen at the above place, for taking in ſubſcriptions for Roderick Random, at 10s. the two volumes, neatly bound.----Subſcriptions are alſo received for Hume's elegant hiſtory of England, in 8 vols. octavo, at One Dollar each vol. which is only 8 dollars for the whole ſett, although the quarto edition is ſold at 30 dollars.----Blackſtone's ſplendid commentaries on the laws of England, in 4 vols. royal octavo, page for page with the London edition, at Two Dollars each vol. which is only 8 dollars for the whole ſett, although the Britiſh edition is ſold at 26 dollars.-----Alſo, Ferguſon's celebrated eſſay on the hiſtory of civil ſociety, in 1 vol. octavo, at 1 dollar, although the Britiſh edition is ſold at 4 dollars. ¶

[*For more new* ADVERTISEMENTS, *ſee the fourth Page.*]

By the Ship CHARMING MOLLY, *Captain* GILL, *arrived here from* LONDON, *we have the following Advices, viz.*

From the GENERAL EVENING POST, July 9.

To his G---- the D--- of G------.

MY L--D,

THE influence of your G----'s fortune ſtill ſeems to preſide over the Treaſury. The genius of Mr. Bradſhaw inſpires Mr. Robinſon. How remarkable it is (and I ſpeak of it not as matter of reproach, but as ſomething peculiar to your character) that you have never yet formed a friendſhip, which has not been fatal to the object of it, nor adopted a cauſe, to which, one way or other, you have not done miſchief! Your attachment is infamy while it laſts, and which ever way it turns, leaves ruin and diſgrace behind it. The deluded girl, who yields to ſuch a profligate, even while he is conſtant, forfeits her reputation as well as her innocence, and finds herſelf abandoned at laſt to miſery and ſhame. Thus it happened with the beſt of P----s. Poor Dingley too!----I proteſt I hardly know which of them we ought moſt to lament:---The unhappy man, who ſinks under the ſenſe of his diſhonour, or him who ſurvives it. Characters, ſo finiſhed, are placed beyond the reach of panegyric. Death has fixed his ſeal upon Dingley, and you, my Lord, have ſet your mark upon the other.

The only letter I ever addreſſed to the K--- was ſo unkindly received, that I believe I ſhall never preſume to trouble his M------, in that way, again. But my zeal for his ſervice is ſuperior to neglect, and, like Mr. Wilkes's patriotiſm, thrives by perſecution. Yet his M------ is much addicted to uſeful reading, and, if I am not ill-informed, has honoured the *Public Advertiſer* with particular attention. I have endeavoured therefore, and not without ſucceſs (as perhaps you may remember) to furniſh it with ſuch intereſting and edifying intelligence, as probably would not reach him through any other channel. The ſervices you have done the nation,---your integrity in office, and ſignal fidelity to your approved good maſter, have been faithfully recorded. Nor have his own virtues been entirely neglected. Theſe letters, my L--d, are read in other countries, and in other languages; and I think I may affirm without vanity, that the gracious character of the beſt of P----s is by this time not only perfectly known to his ſ------s, but tolerably well underſtood by the reſt of Europe. In this reſpect alone, I have the advantage of Mr. Wh--h--d. His plan, I think, is too narrow. He ſeems to manufacture his verſes for the ſole uſe of the hero, who is ſuppoſed to be the ſubject of them, and, that his meaning may not be unlawfully exported in foreign bottoms, ſets all tranſlation at defiance.

Your G----'s re-appointment to a ſeat in the C-b-n-t was announced to the public by the ominous return of Lord B--- to this country. When that noxious plant approaches England, he never fails to bring plague and peſtilence along with him. The K--- already feels the malignant effect of your influence over his C-------s. Your former Adminiſtration made Mr. Wilkes an Alderman of London, and Repreſentative of Middleſex. Your next appearance in office is marked with his election to the Shrievalty. In whatever meaſure you are concerned, you are not only diſappointed of ſucceſs, but always contrive to make the G-------at of the beſt of P-----s contemptible in his own eyes, and ridiculous to the whole world. Making all due allowance for the effect of the Miniſter's declared interpoſition, Mr. Robinſon's activity, and Mr. Horne's new zeal in ſupport of Adminiſtration, we ſtill want the genius of the D--- of G------ to account for committing the whole intereſt of Government in the City, to the conduct of Mr. H----y. I will not bear hard upon your faithful friend and emiſſary Mr. T------t, for I know the difficulties of his ſituation, and that a few lottery tickets are of uſe to his economy. There is a proverb concerning perſons in the predicament of this gentleman, which however cannot be ſtrictly applied to him. *They commence dupes, and finiſh knaves.* Now Mr. T------t's character is uniform. I am convinced that his ſentiments never depended upon his circumſtances, and that, in the moſt proſperous ſtate of his fortune, he was always the very man he is at preſent---But was there no other perſon of rank and conſequence in the city, whom Government could confide in, but a notorious Jacobite? Did you imagine that the whole body of the Diſſenters, that the whole Whig-intereſt of London would attend at the levee, and ſubmit to the directions of a notorious Jacobite? Was there no Whig Magiſtrate in the city, to whom the ſervants of George the Third could intruſt the management of a buſineſs ſo very intereſting to their maſter as the election of Sheriffs? Is there no room at St. James's, but for Scotchmen and Jacobites?---My L--d, I do not mean to queſtion the ſincerity of Mr. H----y's attachment to his Majeſty's Government. Since the commencement of the preſent reign, I have ſeen ſtill greater contradictions reconciled. The principles of theſe worthy Jacobites are not ſo abſurd as they have been repreſented. Their ideas of divine right are not ſo much annexed to the perſon or family, as to the political character of the S-------n. Had there ever been an honeſt man among the *Stuarts*, his -----'s preſent friends would have been Whigs upon principle. But the converſion of the beſt of ------- has removed their ſcruples. They have forgiven him the ſins of his H---------n anceſtors, and acknowledged the hand of Providence in the deſcent of the ----- upon the head of a true *Stuart*. In you, my L--d, they alſo behold with a kind of predilection, which borders upon loyalty, the natural repreſentative of that illuſtrious family. The mode of your deſcent from Charles the Second, is only a bar to your pretenſions to the Crown, and no way interrupts the regularity of your ſucceſſion to all the virtues of the *Stuarts*.

The unfortunate ſucceſs of the Reverend Mr. Horne's endeavours, in ſupport of the miniſterial nomination of Sheriffs, will I fear obſtruct his preferment. Permit me to recommend him to your G----'s protection. You will find him copiouſly gifted with thoſe qualities of the heart, which uſually direct you in the choice of your friendſhips. He too was Mr. Wilkes's friend, and as incapable as you are of the liberal reſentment of a gentleman. No, my L--d;---it was the ſolitary, vindictive malice of a monk, brooding over the infirmities of his friend, until he thought they quickened into public life; and feaſting, with a rancorous rapture, upon the ſordid catalogue of his diſtreſſes. Now, let him go back to his cloiſter. The church is a proper retreat for him. In his principles he is already a Biſhop.

The mention of this man has moved me from my natural moderation. Let me return to your G-----. You are the pillow, upon which I am determined to reſt all my reſentments. What idea can the beſt of S--------s form to himſelf of his own g---nt; in what repute can he conceive that he ſtands with his p- ple, when he ſees, beyond the poſſibility of a doubt, that, whatever be the office, the ſuſpicion of his favour is fatal to the candidate, and that, when the party he wiſhes well to has the faireſt proſpect of ſucceſs, if his R---l inclination ſhould unfortunately be diſcovered, it drops like an acid, and turns the election? This event, among others, may perhaps contribute to open his M------'s eyes to his real honour and intereſt. In ſpite of all your G----'s ingenuity, he may at laſt perceive the inconvenience of ſelecting, with ſuch a curious felicity, every villain in the nation to fill the various departments of his G--------nt. Yet I ſhould be ſorry to confine him in the choice either of his footmen or his friends.

JUNIUS.

Venice, June 1. According to our laſt advices from the Archipelago, the Iſles of Paros, Milo, Naxos, and Tine, are in the hands of the Ruſſians, to whom the inhabitants pay tribute, and furniſh their fleet with all neceſſaries. Three ſquadrons of their fleet are ſtationed at Paros, having on board 2500 men. Brigadier Borſch is cruiſing before the Dardanelles, and Admiral Arff near Smyrna. The other Ships are cruiſing in different ſtations, in order to intercept any convoys from being ſent to the Turks, and to hinder the commerce of the Dulcignotes and Raguſans.

Marſailles, June 21. Letters from Acre, by Capt. Fournier, inform us, that the Arabs, inſtigated by the Pacha of Damaſcus, had fallen ſuddenly upon the troops from Egypt and Acre, and after cutting many of them to pieces, put the reſt to flight.

Baſil, June 9. The French troops under Count de Marbeuf, have had a bloody action with the malecontents on the other ſide of the mountains, and it is ſaid the former were obliged to retire with conſiderable loſs in killed and wounded. Some of their baggage is alſo fallen into the hands of the banditti.

June 13. The Count de Marbeuf is arrived at San Bonifacio, eſcorted by a picquet of cavalry, and immediately aſſembled all the officers; after which he viſited the fortifications of the place, and left orders concerning ſome additions and alterations that are to be made therein.

Warſaw, June 19. Count Branicki is marching with a corps of 3500 men towards Cracow; and as Colonel Drewitz is likewiſe in march, we ſoon expect to receive ſome intereſting news. Every thing is in motion in Lithuania.

Warſaw, June 20. *We are informed, that the Commandant of Caunabath prevented the effect of a General Confederacy in Samogitia. A troop of* 120 *men, commanded by Kowaleſki, hath committed great exceſſes there. They have carried off from the Royal Treaſury at Jueberg* 11,000 *florins, and have treated the Jews very ill. The Commandant ſent two detachments in purſuit of them, who came up with them in a village near Roſinne, and after an obſtinate battle the Confederates fled, having loſt fifty-three men and two officers, beſides twenty taken priſoners. The Ruſſians took alſo ſome thouſands of florins in ſpecie. The reſt of the Confederates are diſperſed.*

Paris, June 30. *Several prieſts are already returned here by virtue of the declaration lately made in their favour. It is aſſerted alſo, that upwards of* 150 *Jeſuits have entered the city, on the aſſurances given them, that they might avail themſelves of this law, provided they continued their ſecular habit. It is added, that the Archbiſhop has begun to employ ſeveral of them in the miniſtry of the goſpel; and one of the order has even preached in a pariſh church at Paris, to a vaſt concourſe of people.*

Dantzick, June 22. *Yeſterday our magiſtrates aſſembled at* 9 *in the morning, and did not break up till* 8 *in the evening, when it was reſolved to permit, from their magazines, the free exportation of rye and wheat, reſerving only* 2000 *laſts of the former, and* 1000 *of the latter. So that we ſhall continue to export as uſual, as many veſſels are arrived with grain from Poland.*

A report is this moment current, that the Pruſſian troops have ſeized on Warmia, a Province in Royal Pruſſia, and that the regiment of Anhalt has garriſoned the town of Heilſperg, the capital of the Biſhopric of that name.

St. James's, July 9. *His Majeſty has been pleaſed to grant unto the Right Hon. Lady North, the office of Keeper of Buſhy Park, in or near Hampton Court, in the county of Middleſex, during his Majeſty's pleaſure.*

LONDON, July 8.

It is confidently ſaid that a treaty is on foot, with the powers concerned, to annex a valuable trading iſland and port, in the Levant, to the Crown of Great-Britain.

The Duke of Glouceſter being in a bad ſtate of health, his phyſicians have recommended a ſouthern air to his Highneſs; in conſequence of which the Venus frigate is fitting out to carry him to Liſbon.

We hear that Charles Fox, Eſq; is now become a Cabinet Counſellor to a Great Perſonage.

The queſtion of the Middleſex election will certainly be brought on again at the meeting of Parliament, in a manner, and from a quarter, at preſent little ſuſpected.

Dr. Wilſon has lately purchaſed a pair of very fine coach bay geldings, which he has preſented to Mr. Sheriff Wilkes, as a freſh mark of his eſteem for that gentleman.

They write from Briſtol, that a ball and entertainment was given at the Guild of that city, on Tueſday night laſt, in honour of Mr. Wilkes's election; Some gentlemen of the town, who oppoſed it, were roughly handled by the populace.

Letters of good authority from France ſay, that a diſpute of much greater importance than was generally known has for ſome time paſt ſubſiſted between the Courts of Verſailles and Madrid; that it was firſt broached by a demand which the former made on the latter of money to a conſiderable amount, to relieve her preſent neceſſities, but which Spain abſolutely refuſed. This quarrel is ſtill to ſettle; and unleſs the new Premier of France exerts his abilities to ſuppreſs it, the conſequences will ſoon produce the ruin of the family compact.

Extract of a letter from Paris, July 2.

"An edict was iſſued yeſterday to ſuppreſs the office of Treaſurers of Paris, with three Preſidents, 12 Treaſurers, &c. The Baron de Bretueil, we are aſſured, is appointed to go Ambaſſador to England."

Extract of a letter from Portſmouth, July 5.

"Sailed yeſterday his Majeſty's ſhip Tartar for New-York. Several men of war are to come into harbour, which, we hear, are to be fitted for foreign ſervice. This morning the 33d regiment of foot began to clear the ground for the fortifications round the dock-yard."

An officer of rank in the horſe, has lately been ſuperſeded for mal-practices.

The marine companies, which at preſent conſiſt of no more than fifty men each, are to be encreaſed to the complement of one hundred; and the guard which they conſtituted at Portſmouth dock, and which has been for ſome time diſcontinued, is to be re-eſtabliſhed, when the companies are compleated.

July 9. Yeſterday Lord Clive ſet out from his houſe in Berkely-ſquare for Spa in Germany, for the recovery of his health.

Extract of a Letter from the Hague, July 2.

"We have juſt received advice here, that not only frigates, but likewiſe all ſhips of war, without diſtinction, of every nation, are forbidden by the King of Spain to enter into any of the ports of his ſtates; and we are aſſured his motives for this ſtep are, that it has been perceived for a long time paſt, that ſhips which are not ſubjected to viſitation, have greatly abuſed the permiſſion granted them by the Spaniſh monarch of putting into his ports, by exporting not only a great quantity of gold and ſilver, in money and in ingots, but alſo by carrying on a contraband trade with the inhabitants, which has greatly prejudiced the revenue of the Crown."

Extract of a Letter from Portſmouth, July 8.

"The following ſhips are getting ready to cruize in the Channel, viz. Trident 64 guns; Worceſter 64; Lenox 64; Royal Oak 64; Glory 36; Thames 36. Theſe ſeven men of war are, we hear, to join three more of the line at Plymouth, and proceed to ſea as ſoon as poſſible.

"At Spithead ſixteen ſhips of war."

A Cabinet-Council was ſummoned this very morning for Thurſday next, to take ſome late letters, in the public prints, into conſideration; doctrines of a treaſonable nature being ſtrongly inculcated in their productions.

Though ſeveral addreſſes from the city have been preſented ſince Mr. Wilkes's enlargement from the King's Bench, that gentleman from motives of delicacy, we hear, has not attended any one; and it is thought the ſame conſiderations will lead him to be abſent to-morrow, from a preſence where he would be particularly obnoxious.

Mr. Wilkes, ſays a correſpondent, in his North-Briton, reproached the Univerſity of Oxford for chooſing the late Lord Weſtmoreland their Chancellor, becauſe he was the moſt perſonally diſagreeable man in the kingdom to George the Second. This reflection, adds our correſpondent, will fall with equal weight on the loyalty of his own followers, who choſe him Sheriff of London for being the moſt perſonally diſagreeable man in the kingdom to his preſent Majeſty.

A correſpondent wiſhes before the Livery go up to St. James's with the Remonſtrance, that they will conſider if there is not a poſitive act of Parliament reſtraining the *tumultuous* petitions of the ſubject, and regulating the particular manner in which bodies corporate are to addreſs the Sovereign.

We hear there has been a great fire at Conſtantinople, many palaces, and a great number of houſes being deſtroyed.

The guards are ordered to be in conſtant readineſs to quell any diſorders which may happen to-morrow.

Many people having condemned the Lord Mayor's advertiſement relative to the Time of his ſetting out for St. James's to-morrow, it is but juſtice to his Lordſhip to inform the public, that at the Common-hall on Midſummer-day, he was requeſted to give the moſt early, and the moſt general notice of the day appointed by his Majeſty for receiving the Remonſtrance; and conſequently the notice which he gives in the prints, is no more than a compliance with the wiſhes of the Livery.

Notwithſtanding the two Sheriffs Martin and Baker have conducted themſelves to the eve of their office with an impartiality that does them great honour, it is thought the adverteſement which they have this morning addreſſed to the Livery, relative to his Majeſty's deſire of receiving only the Mayor and Aldermen to-morrow, will affect their popularity not a little; men now-a-days reaſoning from their prejudices, not their judgment, and deeming thoſe their enemies who communicate any truth which happens to be repugnant to their inclination.

July 10. *The Earl of Rochford is ſaid to have ſent a very ſpirited Memorial to the French Court, inſiſting on the immediate payment of the money due on account of the Canada paper; and that a firm reſolution is at length taken, that this matter ſhall no longer remain the diſgrace of our public conduct, and a ſtain on the national honour.*

A noble Lord, who wagered a conſiderable ſum that Mr. Wilkes would not be one of the Sheriffs, has refuſed to pay the bet till the Patriot is ſworn into his office, and offers to make any ſtake whatever, that ſome Court manœuvre will be yet made uſe of, before that period arrives, to prevent him from ſerving.

Dr. Horne's being appointed Chaplain to his Majeſty ſeems to prove, that the name of Horne is not diſguſtful to a Courtly ear.

A brigantine, Viller, from America, we hear, is foundered at ſea, and all on board periſhed.

There are letters in town from Bengal, which adviſe, that Hyder Ally's army is more numerous than ever, and that they are ſo properly cantoned, as to be ready to join at 24 *hours notice.*

By an order from Paris, an account of the number of Corſicans actually living on that iſland, has been taken, when it appeared, that it did not exceed 7000 *men, who have made ſubmiſſion to the French Government.*

Extract of a letter from Leghorn, dated June 9.

"We have juſt received advice from Malta, that an Engliſh Merchant ſhip, named the Anglican, having taken on board at Smyrna about 300 Turks, moſtly Traders, whom he was to carry to Alexandria, and who had with them a conſiderable ſum of money, was met by a Ruſſian corſair, who ordered him to bring to. The Engliſh Captain, having his colours flying, took no notice of the order, but ſailed on his deſtined rout; however, the Ruſſian having joined a frigate of war of his nation, they both attacked, ſome hours after, the Engliſh, who after an engagement of three hours, in which he received great damage in his maſts and rigging, was obliged to ſurrender. This advice comes farther confirmed in a letter from a Merchant at Malta to his Correſpondent here, with orders to buy up great part of the cargo on his account, if it ſhould be brought in to this place."

July 11. *Yeſterday morning his Majeſty came from Richmond, and gave audience to ſeveral of the Miniſtry, and principal officers of State, previous to his receiving the addreſs, remonſtrance and petition of the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, &c.*

A meeting of ſeveral of the Aldermen and Common Council was held on Tueſday afternoon at Guildhall, when the affair relative to the Common Council accompanying the Lord Mayor and Aldermen to St. James's yeſterday, with the City Remonſtrance, was the ſubject of conſideration.

The following copy of a letter was received on Tueſday night at 10 *o'clock, by the Right Hon. the Lord Mayor, from the Earl of Hertford, Lord Chamberlain.*

"*My* LORD,

As in conſequence of the notice given of the time your Lordſhip purpoſes ſetting out to-morrow, the Livery may be induced to attend your Lordſhip to St. James's, I have the King's command to acquaint you, that it being unprecedented to admit the Livery upon ſuch occaſions, as well as impracticable, to introduce ſo numerous a body, no perſons beyond the number allowed by law to preſent petitions to the Throne, will be admitted, except your Lordſhip, the Aldermen, Common Council, and City officers. I am,

My Lord, with the greateſt reſpect,

Groſvenor-ſtreet, *Your Lordſhip's moſt obedient humble ſervant,*

July 9, 1771. HERTFORD."

Yeſterday morning the Lord Mayor cauſed copies of the above letter to be ſtuck up in divers parts of the city, that the Livery might be acquainted with the ſame.

Yeſterday, between 12 *and* 1 *o' clock, the Lord Mayor, attended by Aldermen Stephenſon, Trecothick, Sawbridge, Townſend and Oliver, Sir James Hodges, and the other city officers (excepting the Recorder) and many of the Common Councilmen, Mr. Bull, and ſeveral of the Livery, went to St. James's, and preſented to his Majeſty, the Remonſtrance of the City of London.*

There was a very numerous concourſe of people in King-ſtreet, and Cheapſide, and not the leaſt diſturbance or interruption.

The following is ſaid to be the purport of his Majeſty's anſwer:

"*That already two petitions had been preſented to him upon the ſame ſubject, to which he had given anſwers ſufficiently known; that the additional articles in this, could not induce him to alter his opinion, much leſs to condemn the conduct of his Parliament, which he had ſo much approved in his laſt ſpeech from the Throne; and that having no leſs a thorough confidence in the loyalty and candour of that body, than in the uprightneſs and fidelity of his Miniſters, he could not comply with their prayer and requeſt.*"

While the King, in one reſpect, adheres ſo religiouſly to an obſolete law, why does he ſuffer it to be violated with regard to the Aldermen? Are not the Livery as much his ſubjects as the Aldermen? A Prince ſhould never ſeem afraid of his people.

Yeſterday the Court appeared every way brilliant and numerous, and his Majeſty was ſurrounded with a great many of the nobility, foreign ambaſſadors, and officers of ſtate.

A correſpondent has ſent us an extract from the act of parliament, which he preſumes is what is alluded to in the Earl of Hertford's letter to the Lord Mayor:---13 Charles II. chap. 5. "An act againſt tumults and diſorders upon pretence of preparing or preſenting public petitions, or other addreſſes, to his Majeſty or the Parliament. Whereas it hath been found by ſad experience, that tumultuous and other diſorderly ſoliciting of hands by private perſons to petitions, complaints, remonſtrances and declarations, and other addreſſes to the King, &c. have been made uſe of to ſerve the ends of factious and ſeditious perſons gotten into power, to the violation of the public peace, and have been a great means of the late unhappy wars, confuſions and calamities in the nation: For preventing the like miſchiefs for the future, be it enacted by the King's moſt excellent Majeſty, by and with the Lords, &c. that no perſon or perſons whatſoever ſhall, from and after the firſt of Auguſt, 1661, ſolicit, labour or procure the getting of hands, or other conſent, of any perſons above the number of twenty to ſubſcribe to any petition, complaint, remonſtrance, declaration, or other addreſs to the King, or both or either Houſe of Parliament, for alteration of matters eſtabliſhed by law in church or ſtate, unleſs the matter thereof have been firſt conſented unto and ordered by three or more Juſtices of that county, or by the major part of the Grand Jury of the county or diviſion of the county where the ſame matter ſhall ariſe at their public Aſſizes, or General Quarter Seſſions; or if ariſing in London, by the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Commons in Common Council aſſembled; and that no perſon or perſons whatſoever ſhall repair to his Majeſty, or both or either of the Houſes of Parliament, upon pretence of preſenting or delivering any petition, complaint, remonſtrance or declaration, or other addreſſes, accompanied with exceſſive number of people, nor at any one time with above the number of ten perſons, upon pain of incurring a penalty not exceeding the ſum of 100l. in money, and three months impriſonment, without bail or mainprize, for every offence; which offence to be proſecuted at the Court of King's Bench, or at the Aſſizes or General Quarter Seſſions, within ſix months after the offence committed, and proved by two or more credible witneſſes."---Ruffhead's ſtatutes at large, 4to. vol. III. page 208.

The names of the iſlands in the Archipelago, which have been conquered and ſubjected, with all the inhabitants thereon, to her

Imperial Majesty of all the Ruſſias: Satorin, Nakaria, Policandro, Milo, Argentero, Bieles, Scanim, Nio, Stajalia, Morgo, Serfanto, Serfano, Tirmiye, Zea, Sira, Antijaris, Paros, with the Port Auſa, Nixia, Delos, Andro, Tino, Micol, and between the iſlands Schio and Schiro, the iſland Peſer or Spſar.

The Kings of Denmark and Sweden, by their readineſs to hear the petitions of their ſubjects, have ſet a glorious example to the reſt of the Sovereigns of Europe.

It is hinted that Mr. Wilkes will go into partnerſhip with Mr. Bull, which, it is thought, will amply repay the expences of the Sheriffalty.

A Correſpondent obſerves, it has been ſaid by ſome of Mr. Wilkes's old Cronies at Court, who enjoy the proſpect of having our citizens diſgraced, that Br-ſs Cr--by will be ſacrificed as ſoon as he has contributed to the ſucceſs of Mr. Wilkes's preſent views, and can be no longer rendered ſerviceable. Mr. Wilkes loves jeſting at his heart, and it is well known that he thinks his L--d--p will furniſh excellent matter of merriment: Beſides, by giving up ſuch a friend, he imagines that he ſhall diſguſt no man, and poſſibly may have an opportunity of forming ſome new connection by the help of his diſgrace.

The Lord Mayor has made Mr. Alderman Wilkes a preſent (for his new chariot) of the two fine long-tailed horſes which he had when he ſerved the office of Sheriff.

N E W - Y O R K, September 9.

The Earl of Halifax Packet, Capt. Balderſon, ſails this Day with the Mail for Falmouth.

The MACARONI Purſe of £ 100 was run for at New-Market, laſt Monday, by Mr. Delancey's Horſe Lath, and Mr. Waters's Horſe Liberty; which was won with great Eaſe by the former.

And as a Field could not be made the next Day for the Purſe of £ 50, the Matter was poſtponed till the next Seaſon.

Yeſterday arrived here from Boſton, with his Lady, JOHN FOXCROFT, Eſq; Poſt-Maſter General.

PHILADELPHIA, September 12.

By the HONOURABLE

JAMES HAMILTON, Eſq; Preſident,

And the COUNCIL of the Province of *Pennſylvania*,

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS His Majeſty, by an Inſtrument of Writing, under the Privy Seal, bearing Date the Eighteenth Day of *June*, 1766, lately tranſmitted to this Government, by one of His Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State, has been pleaſed to adjudge and declare void, an Act of Aſſembly of this Province, paſſed in *September*, 1764, entituled, "*A Supplement to the Act, "entituled, An Act for erecting a Light-Houſe at the Mouth of the "Bay of Delaware, at, or near* Cape-Henlopen, *for placing and "fixing Buoys in the ſaid Bay and River* Delaware; *and for appointing Commiſſioners to receive, collect and recover certain Sums "of Money, heretofore raiſed by Way of Lottery, and to appropriate "the ſame to the Purpoſes aforeſaid.*" AND WHEREAS His Majeſty, by a like Inſtrument, under the Privy Seal, bearing Date the Fifth Day of *June* laſt, did alſo adjudge and declare void one other Act of Aſſembly of this Province, paſſed in *February*, 1770, entituled, "*An Act for the Sale of Goods "diſtrained for Rent, and to ſecure ſuch Goods to the Perſons diſtraining the ſame, for the better Security of Rents, and to prevent "Frauds and Abuſes committed by Tenants.*" WE HAVE therefore thought fit to ſignify and make known the ſame, to all Perſons within this Government, in order that they may take Notice thereof, and govern themſelves accordingly.

Laws p. 361

GIVEN *in Council, under the Great Seal of the ſaid Province, at* Philadelphia, *the Ninth Day of* September, *in the Year of our Lord One Thouſand Seven Hundred and Seventy-one, and in the Eleventh Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord* GEORGE *the Third, by the Grace of* GOD, *of* Great-Britain, France *and* Ireland, *King, Defender of the Faith, and ſo forth.*

JAMES HAMILTON, *Preſident.*

By Order of the Preſident and Council,

JOSEPH SHIPPEN, *junior, Secretary.*

GOD Save the KING.

Monday next the GENERAL ASSEMBLY of this Province meets here.

On Saturday laſt died, in the 34th Year of his Age, Mr. *JAMES RENROSE*, an eminent Ship-builder. A Man of great Ingenuity and Abilities in his Profeſſion, of univerſal Eſteem among all that knew him, and particularly reſpected by all who were intimate with him. His Remains, attended by a vaſt Concourſe of reſpectable Inhabitants, of all Denominations, were interred on Sunday Evening, in Friends Burying Ground.

On Wedneſday, the 4th Inſtant, JESSE MARIS, Eſq; High Sheriff of Cheſter County, was married to Miſs JANE ASHBRIDGE, Daughter of GEORGE ASHBRIDGE, Eſq;

Extract of a Letter from London, by Captain Gill.

"Several Changes have lately taken Place at Court, but none of them are much in Favour of America.--The Expectation of a War with Spain is over; but the Citizens of London expreſs great Diſguſt at the tame Behaviour of our Miniſtry, in the Affair of the Convention."

The Brig Charleſtown Packet, Captain Wright, for Charles-Town, will ſail on Sunday next.

Captain Waide, from Vigo, on the 30th of July, in Lat. 36, Long. 40, ſpoke the Brig Adventure, Captain Calvert, from Virginia for Madeira, 23 Days out; Auguſt 11, in Lat. 36, Long. 50, ſpoke the Brig Two Friends, Captain Peter, from Philadelphia for Cadiz, out 8 Days; 29th, in Lat. 36: 30, Long. 70, ſpoke a Ship, Captain Smith, from Liverpool for Virginia, 8 Weeks out; and on the 31ſt, about 90 Leagues S. E. from our Capes, he ſpoke with Captain Harriſon, in a Schooner from Wilmington for Dominica, 4 Days out, all well. Captain Montgomery, from Cadiz, about 12 Days ago, in Lat. 38: 56, Long. 71, ſpoke a Schooner from Rhode-Iſland for Hiſpaniola, 5 Days out, all well.

Captain Gill, from London, on the 15th of Auguſt, in Lat. 44, Long. 37, ſpoke a Ship, Captain Ayres, from Virginia for London, out 3 Weeks; on the 21ſt Inſtant, in Lat. 37: 48, Long. 65: 30, ſpoke with Captain Sibbald, from this Port for Newfoundland; and on the 3d, in Lat. 38, Long. 70, ſpoke a Ship from Maryland for London, 5 Days out.

Captain Gill left London the 12th of July, and informs, that the Captains Sparks and Loxley were to ſail in two or three Days after him; he parted with Captain Hubbs, off the Iſle of Wight, on the 17th of July, and with the Ship Catherine, Captain Young, on the 23d, off the Lizard, both from London for this Place.

ARRIVALS.

At Dover. The Nancy, Williams; and London, Califf, from Boſton.

At Briſtol. The Chalkley, Montgomery, from Philadelphia.

Graveſend, July 6. Paſſed by, The London, Chambers, from New-York.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia*, INWARD ENTRIES.

Brig Georgia Packet, T. Wilſon, Georgia. Sloop Diſpatch, S. Thompſon, N. Carolina. Brig Lovely Laſs, A. Waide, Vigo. Sloop Peggy, S. Hinckley, Boſton. Schooner Polly, C. Thompſon, and Ship Lark, C. Biddle, Cape Nichola. Schooner George and Nancy, C. Kellum, and Schooner Little Edward, R. M'Cleane, Virginia.

OUTWARDS. Ship Mercury, J. Steel, Barbados. Ship Betſy, J. Baker, Jamaica. Schooner North-Briton, D. Campbell, Halifax. Schooner Polly, S. Green, N. Providence.

CLEARED. Brig Hawke, T. Williams, S. Carolina. Sloop Sydney, J. Woolridge, and Sloop Polly and Nancy, T. Gem, N. Carolina. Schooner Polly, T. Woodberry, Salem, N. E. Schooner Juno, J. Aitkin, Georgia. Schooner Swallow, E. Lathorp, N. London. Sloop Bentham, J. Buck, and Sloop Charlotte, J. Coburn, N. York. Brig Harmony, T. Rogers, Gibraltar. Schooner Chance, S. Williams, St. Euſtatia. Brig Juno, J. Warden, Jamaica. Brig Dolphin, J. Ruſſell, Dominica. Snow Penn, T. M'Claine, Liſbon.

Juſt publiſhed by HALL *and* SELLERS, *at the* New Printing-Office, in Market-ſtreet, Philadelphia,

POOR RICHARD's ALMANACK, for the YEAR 1772.

JUST PUBLISHED, and to be SOLD, Wholeſale and Retail, by ISAAC COLLINS, at his Printing-Office, in Burlington,

THE BURLINGTON ALMANACK, for the Year of our Lord 1772: Containing, beſides the uſual aſtronomical Calculations, a Variety of uſeful and entertaining Matter, both in Proſe and Verſe. ¶

THE MEMBERS of the CORPORATION for the Relief of the Widows and Children of Clergymen in the Communion of the Church of England in America, are requeſted to attend the Annual Meeting, which is to be held, according to Adjournment, at the City of Perth-Amboy, in New-Jerſey, on the Second Day of October next, being the firſt Wedneſday after the Feaſt of St. Michael.

JONATHAN ODELL, Secretary to the Corporation.

To the FREEHOLDERS, and ELECTORS, of the Borough and County of CHESTER.

GENTLEMEN,

I RETURN you my ſincere Acknowledgments for the Honour you have done me, in chooſing me one of your Repreſentatives in the General Aſſembly of this Province, for theſe three Years paſt; but the Situation of my private Affairs, at this Time, will make it very inconvenient for me, to ſerve you any longer in that Station; I therefore requeſt the Favour of you, to chooſe ſome other Perſon, at the enſuing Election, in the Stead of, Your obliged and reſpectful Friend,

§ JOHN CROSBY.

To the FREEHOLDERS and ELECTORS of NEW-CASTLE County on Delaware.

GENTLEMEN,

I RETURN you hearty Thanks for your favourable Opinion, in thinking me worthy of a Seat in your Houſe of Aſſembly for ſuch a Number of Years paſt; but now having certain Reaſons to decline accepting thereof, I do requeſt, as a farther Inſtance of your Favours, that you would not vote at the enſuing Election for your humble Servant,

† WILLIAM ARMSTRONG.

To the FREEHOLDERS, and others, the ELECTORS for the County of NEW-CASTLE.

GENTLEMEN,

I ACKNOWLEDGE your Favours in making, or voting me your Sheriff ſome years ago, and as I intend to ſtand a Candidate for the aforeſaid Office, at the Expiration of the preſent Sheriff's Time, your Votes and Intereſt, at the enſuing Election, in order to put me on the Return with the preſent Sheriff, ſhall ever be remembered by, GENTLEMEN,

Your obedient humble Servant,

Brandywine Hundred, Sept. 6, 1771. WILLIAM GOLDEN.

SAMUEL SANSOM, junior,

HAS imported in the Charming Molly, Captain Gill, an Aſſortment of Merchandize, which he will ſell on low Terms for Caſh, or ſix Months Credit, at his Store in Water-ſtreet, between Market and Arch-ſtreets, a little higher up Town than the new Steps adjoining the City Vendue-houſe. §

Philadelphia, September 10, 1771.

Juſt imported in the Ship Charming Molly, Robert Gill Maſter, from London, and to be ſold very cheap for Caſh, or the uſual Credit, by

JOHN GIBSON,

At his Store, in Market-ſtreet, between Third and Fourth-ſtreets,

A LARGE and general Aſſortment of Woollens, and other European and Eaſt-India Goods, for the Fall Trade.

DANIEL & GEORGE RUNDLE,

At their Store, in Water-ſtreet, the eighth Door above Market-ſtreet, the North Corner of the Alley, have for SALE,

LAMP and Tanners Oil; Boſton and Halifax Mackarel; New-England Pine Boards; Weſt-India, Philadelphia, and New-England Rum; Melaſſes, in Hogſheads and Tierces; New-England and Carolina Soal Leather; Gum Seneca; German Beads; Copperas; Silver Watches; Sail Canvas, &c. 6 *W.*

To be LETT,

A STORE, in Second-ſtreet, well ſituated for Buſineſs. For further Particulars, enquire of the Printers hereof. ¶

NOTICE is hereby given to all whom it may concern, that a Court of OYER and TERMINER, and GENERAL GOAL DELIVERY, will be held at *Philadelphia*, for the City and County of *Philadelphia*, on *Monday*, the Twenty-third Day of this inſtant *September*.

JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

TO BE SOLD,

A LOT of ground, on the north ſide of Union-ſtreet, between Front and Second-ſtreets, containing in front, 25 feet, and in depth 160 feet. Enquire of the Printers. ‡

JONATHAN COWPLAND

HAS removed from *Cheſter* to the City of *Philadelphia*, and now keeps an Inn, at the Sign of the *WHITE HORSE*, in *Elbow Lane*, oppoſite to the *Old Preſbyterian Meeting-Houſe*; where he has provided the beſt Accommodations for Travellers, and will be obliged to his Acquaintance, and others, for their Cuſtom, and doubts not to give them general Satisfaction. ‡

THE Library Company of Philadelphia, at the Requeſt of ſeveral of the Members, are deſired to meet, on Saturday, the 5th of October next, at 3 o'Clock in the Afternoon, to conſider of the Expediency of procuring a Lot, whereon to build a Library, and of paſſing a Law, empowering the Directors to execute the ſame. And as the Number at their late Meeting was inſufficient to do Buſineſs, it is hoped the Members in general will be *punctual* in attending, as thereby the Senſe of the Company may be more certainly known, in regard to the Meaſure propoſed; and a Diſappointment, by Means of there not being one Fourth of the Members met (as required by Law) prevented.

By Order of the Directors,

September 7, 1771. WILLIAM ATTMORE, *Secretary.*

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on the 24th day of this inſtant September, at 10 o'clock in the morning, at the dwelling-houſe of Jonathan Bavington, jun. deceaſed, in Warwick townſhip, ſundry goods and chattels, viz. horſes, cows, ſheep, ſwine, young cattle, a waggon, plows, harrows, and all kind of farmers utenſils, wheat, rye, flax in the ſheaf. Alſo a variety of houſhold goods, &c. late the property of Jonathan Bavington, jun. above named deceaſed; ſeized and taken in execution by

JOSEPH ELLICOTT, Sheriff.

Alſo at the ſame time and place will be ſold, or lett, the plantation and tract of land, whereon the ſaid Jonathan Bavington, the younger, lately lived, containing 137 acres and three quarters, old meaſure, with the uſual allowance; very good dwelling-houſe, barn, ſtables, orchards, and about 12 acres of good meadow. The terms of payment will be made known at the time of ſale, by JONATHAN BAVINGTON. §

TO BE SOLD,

A STRONG healthy Negroe Man, has had the Small-pox, underſtands the tanning Buſineſs well, he is about 28 years of Age. For further Particulars, enquire of GEORGE LEAS, the upper End of Front-ſtreet. ¶

BALDWIN and STARR

ACQUAINT the PUBLIC, and their Cuſtomers in particular, that they have removed their Shop higher up Cheſtnut-ſtreet, between Second and Third-ſtreets, and nearly oppoſite the Sign of the Three Tuns. †

A NEVENING SCHOOL, by MAGUIRE and POWER, will be opened on Monday, the eighth day of October next, at the School-room of ſaid Maguire, in Second-ſtreet, near Lodge-alley; where will be taught, with the greateſt care and diligence, reading, writing and arithmetic; the moſt uſeful branches of the mathematics; book-keeping, geography; the uſe the globes and maps; and how to make maps. ¶

Philadelphia, September 10, 1771.

RUN away the 2d inſtant, a ſervant man, named JAMES HILL, 20 odd years of age, a ſhoemaker by trade, about 5 feet and an half high, born in England, has a very full bluff red noſe, pock-marked, wears his own ſhort dark brown hair, a moſe on his right cheek, writes a good hand, pretends to be free, and may change his name, and dreſs to ſuit his purpoſe. Took with him 1 cloth coat, of a dark brown or chocolate colour, yellow metal buttons, 1 white linen waiſtcoat, 2 check ſhirt, 1 pair of white worſted ſtockings, 1 pair of brown thread ditto, and 1 pair of dirty leather breeches. He was truſted by his maſter to go off for Cumberland county, to Juniata river, with an old ſorrel mare, very low in fleſh, a ſmall blaze in her face, loaded with leather, and new ſhoemakers tools, and other things, but he has ſold or made away with the whole, except the new tools, which he has with him. Any perſon that will diſcover where the mare and goods are, ſhall be paid Thirty Shillings; and whoever ſecures the runaway, ſo that his maſter may get him again, ſhall receive Ten Dollars reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by JOSEPH CLAYPOOLE, Hatter, in Market-ſtreet.

N. B. All maſters of ſea veſſels, ſhallops, pilot-boats, and ſmall craft, are warned not to carry him off at their peril. It is thought he will make for New-York, or ſome other place, and go to work at his trade.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, on Wedneſday, the 25th day of this inſtant September, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, will be expoſed to ſale, by public vendue, on the premiſes, a certain meſſuage and plantation, or tract of land, ſituate in London Britain townſhip, containing, by eſtimation, 320 acres; late in the tenure of William M'Dowell. Thomas Singleton, and John Jack, and being parcel of a larger tract of land, containing 420 acres, and all of the ſame tract that lies in Cheſter county, which the truſtees of the Pennſylvania land company, in London, by deed, of the 29th of November, 1762, conveyed to a certain John Singleton; alſo another ſmall tract of land, No. 74, ſituate in the townſhip aforeſaid, adjoining the lands of Benjamin Whitting, Catherine Crawford, and Jane Evans, in Whiteclay creek, containing 45 acres; and alſo 50 acres of land, late the property of Stanley Gray, ſold by John Morton, Eſq; to the ſaid John Singleton; late the property of the ſaid John Singleton, deceaſed; ſeized and taken in execution by JESSE MARIS, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, on Wedneſday, the 25th day of this inſtant September, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, will be expoſed to ſale by public vendue, on the premiſes, a certain tract or parcel of land, ſituate on a branch of Elk-river, in New-London townſhip, Cheſter County, bounded by the London tract, and lands of Benjamin Franklin, Eſq; and Samuel Kennedy, containing 100 acres, late the property of Samuel Mears, deceaſed; ſeized and taken in execution by JESSE MARIS, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, on Saturday, the 28th day of this inſtant September, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, will be expoſed to ſale by public vendue, on the premiſes, two full equal and undivided fifth parts of a certain tract of land, ſituate in Eaſt Caln, containing 41 acres, bounded by lands of William Hope, Phineas Lewis, Samuel Worth, Robert Parke, and land formerly of John Bradley; late the property of William Hunt; ſeized and taken in execution by JESSE MARIS, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, on Saturday, the 28th day of this inſtant September, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, will be expoſed to ſale, by public vendue, on the premiſes, a meſſuage, and lot of ground, ſituate in Lower Chicheſter townſhip, Cheſter county, containing about two acres, bounded by lands of John Price, Eſq; and others; late the property of Allen Robinett; ſeized and taken in execution by JESSE MARIS, Sheriff.

FOUR DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living near George-Town, in Kent county, Maryland, the 3d of this inſtant September, at night, an Iriſh ſervant man, named TIMOTHY CONNER, about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, has ſhort brown hair, a ſore place on his right breaſt, and a large wart on his left hip; had on, and took with him, a new country linen ſhirt, and trowſers of the ſame, an old lightiſh brown jacket, with cuffs to the ſleeves, and lappelled, a half-worn felt hat, and half worn ſhoes, with broad rimmed braſs buckles in them; his other cloaths (if any) not known; it is very likely he may change his name, as he has been uſed to do ſo before. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him in any goal, and ſends notice to his maſter, ſo that he may get him again, ſhall receive the above reward, and reaſonable charges, if brought home, paid by GEORGE BROWNING.

N. B. *All maſters of veſſels, and others, are forbid to harbour or carry him off, at their peril.* ¶

STOLEN *from the ſubſcriber, in Vincent townſhip, Cheſter county, on Monday, the 2d of September inſtant, out of the field, a ſorrel* HORSE, *mixed with white hair, about* 10 *years old, ſhod before, two white hind feet, and a ſmall ſlip or blaze down his forehead, and a colter fell in his left fore hoof, but is almoſt grown out, paces and trots, between* 14 *and* 15 *hands high, hath neither brand nor ear-mark. Whoever takes up ſaid horſe and thief, and brings him to the owner, ſo that he may have him again, ſhall be intitled to the reward of Ten Pounds, or Five Pounds for the horſe alone, from me* JACOB HOFMAN.

N. B. The abovеſaid thief hath left an iron grey mare in the field, with a bald face, ſhod all round, which is ſuppoſed to be ſtolen; the owner is deſired to come, pay charges, and take her away. §

Cheſter Goal, September 7, 1771.

COMMITTED *to my cuſtody this day, two men, named Cornelius Hurry, and George Aris, or Ariſon, on ſuſpicion of being run away ſervants, and anſwer the deſcription of an advertiſement in the Chronicle, No.* 242, *ſigned by Brougton Reynolds; their maſter or maſters are deſired to come, pay the charges, and take them away.* JOEL WILLIS, *Goaler.* §

Philadelphia, September 9, 1771.

STRAYED away, off the commons of this city, near 4 weeks ago, an old ſorrel HORSE, white mane and tail, a ſtar in his forehead, about 14 hands high. Whoever brings ſaid horſe to THOMAS MACKANESS, the corner of Fourth and Vine-ſtreets, ſhall receive Ten Shillings reward. ¶

CAME to the place of the ſubſcriber, in Upper-Hanover townſhip, Philadelphia county, on the 23d of Auguſt laſt, a brown HORSE, about 15 hands high, between 8 and 9 years old, without brand or any other mark. He was taken up with ſaddle and bridle, and as he was very much harraſſed and abuſed, is ſuppoſed to have been ſtolen. The owner is deſired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take him away. ¶

DAVID LEVY, Shop-keeper.

THIS is to inform the public, and my friends and customers in particular, that as I am about to decline the tanning buſineſs, I have opened a ſhop for the retail of dry and wet goods, at the houſe I now live in, in Front-ſtreet, near to Mr. Stamper's wharff, and oppoſite to where Mr. Deacon formerly lived, and ſhall be much obliged to them for their cuſtom in this way, as I ſhall make it my buſineſs to ſupply them with goods of good quality, and at a reaſonable rate, and hope to give general ſatisfaction. I return my ſincere thanks to my kind cuſtomers for former favours, JOHN SNOWDEN, junior.

N. B. I alſo retail leather as formerly, and receive hides, tallow or bees-wax for pay. Shoemakers, and others, may be ſupplied with leather in ſmall or large quantities, and depend on having it good; alſo leather will be received to curry, at a reaſonable rate. *September* 10. J. S. ¶ 6 W.

WILLIAM IBISON returns his Thanks to the Public for the Encouragement he has met with in eſtabliſhing his OFFICE OF INTELLIGENCE, which is kept the Weſt Side of Front-ſtreet, near Cheſtnut-ſtreet, where is wanted ſeveral Sums of Money on undoubted Security.

Boys to go Apprentices to different Trades.

A Journeyman Tanner and Currier and an Apprentice Boy to the ſame.

To be Diſpoſed of, ſeveral Plantations in this and the neighbouring Colonies.

A Number of Houſes in this City and the Suburbs.

Merchandize of all Kinds, Horſes, Chairs, Sulkees, Phætons, and Carriages of all Sorts.

A Man offers himſelf as an Overſeer to a Farm, or to take a Place on Shares.

As the Public may be deſirous of being more fully acquainted with the Nature of ſuch an Office, the Intelligencer propoſes the following Plan, viz.

Firſt---Any Merchants, Maſters of Veſſels, or others, that have got any Sort of Merchandize to ſell cheap for Caſh, by entering them at the Office, may ſoon be informed of Purchaſers, paying Two Shillings for entering the ſame; and all Perſons that want to purchaſe any Sort of Merchandize, cheap for Caſh, ſhall be informed *gratis*, where to purchaſe, if any ſuch be entered in the Office.

Secondly---If any Perſon has got any Houſes or Veſſels to ſell, lett or charter, Rooms, Shops or Lodgings to lett, Negroes or Servants to ſell, may be informed of Purchaſers, Hirers and Lodgers, by entering them at the Office, paying Two Shillings for the ſame; and any Perſon that wants to buy, hire or charter any of the above, or wants Rooms, Shops, or Lodgings, may be informed, *gratis*, by applying to ſaid Office.

Thirdly---If any Perſon has got any Money to lend, on good Security, by applying to this Office, and paying Two Shillings, may ſoon be informed of a Perſon that wants Money, and can give good Security; any Perſon that wants Money, and can give good Security, paying Two Shillings, may ſoon be informed where to borrow---further, whereas ſundry Perſons are under a Neceſſity often to raiſe Money on a ſhort Warning, and have got many ſuperfluous Articles of ſome Kind or other by them, and at the ſame Time not willing to riſque theſe Articles to Vendue, nor ſell them themſelves at their own Houſes, this is to inform thoſe Perſons if they will ſend ſuch Articles as they want to ſell to the Office, the Intelligencer will uſe his utmoſt Endeavour to diſpoſe of them to the beſt Advantage. If he cannot diſpoſe of them ſo, will endeavour to borrow Money on them for a ſhort Credit, and for his Service he requires but moderate Commiſſions.

Fourthly---If Men or Women want Places of Service, enter their Names and Places where they live at the Office, paying Two Shillings, may ſoon be informed of Employment.

Fifthly---Maſters may hear of Journeymen, and Journeymen of Maſters, in all Profeſſions, by applying to this Office and paying Two Shillings.

Said Intelligencer intends to take in a *News-Paper* publiſhed in every capital Town on the Continent and ſettle a Correſpondence there, who will inform him of the current Prices of Goods in theſe Places, any Perſon by applying to the Intelligencer, may be informed gratis of the ſame; as the Nature of the Office is ſuch, the more it is encouraged the more uſeful it becomes to the Community, the Intelligencer earneſtly requeſts the Public's Favours in general, which will ever be eſteemed by their aſſured Friend,

¶ WILLIAM IBISON, Broker.

Glouceſter County, Ninth Month 2, 1771.

THERE will be expoſed to Sale, by Way of public Vendue, on the 30th of this inſtant (September) at the Houſe of Hugh Creighton, Inkeeper, in Haddonfield, the two following Tracts of Land, ſituate and being in the Townſhip and County of Glouceſter. One Tract containing about 400 Acres, on which there is a Dwelling-houſe, Barn, and Apple Orchard; alſo a Saw-mill, commonly called, Tice's Big Mill, the Stream on which the Mill is erected is thought ſufficient for a Griſt-mill likewiſe, which might be advantageous to the Purchaſer, as the Situation is convenient for the back Inhabitants, being near the landing Road, as well as to a Number of Farmers in the Neighbourhood; ſaid Mill is about five Miles from a public Landing.

One other Tract of about 96 Acres, adjoining the above, on which there is a Houſe and other Improvements, and is now in the Tenure of John Buſſell: Any Perſon inclining to view the Premiſes, may apply to Richard Tice, living near the ſame. The Sale of ſaid Lands to begin at One o'Clock in the Afternoon of ſaid Day, at which Time the Conditions will be publiſhed, the whole being Part of the real Eſtate of ſaid Tice, and aſſigned to us for the Benefit of his Creditors.

ISAAC MICKLE, THOMAS REDMAN, *Aſſignees.*

N. B. There are 7 or 800 Acres of Pine Land and Cedar Swamp, ſituate convenient to ſaid Mill, the Property of ſaid Tice, which may be purchaſed. ¶

WHEREAS MARGARET, the wife of THOMAS ELTON, of Northampton, in the county of Burlington, and Weſtern Diviſon of New-Jerſey, hath by her extreme ill behaviour in times paſt, as well as at preſent, eloped from her huſband, the firſt time in company with one John Alcott, a Flatman, and took with her goods to a conſiderable value, leaving her huſband with one child not a year old; and by virtue of an advertiſement, with a reward of Five Pounds, it is ſuppoſed they parted, and ſhe returned without goods or her cloaths, ſave what ſhe had on, and ſtill contitues in a ſtate of not being reconciled to her huſband; theſe are therefore to forewarn all perſons not to harbour her, either by night or day, nor truſt nor have any dealings whatſoever with her, at their peril, as I am reſolved to proſecute whoever ſhall be found ſo doing; and any perſon or perſons who have received the goods which are my property, and her cloaths, which I bought for her, are deſired to return them to me at Mountholly, or Burlington, where I will receive them, and gratefully reward them, and will pay any debt that ſhe has contracted upon them. And whereas the ſaid John Alcott is not yet apprehended, I, the ſubſcriber, do continue the above reward of Five Pounds, and reaſonable charges, to any perſon who ſhall ſecure him, in any of his Majeſty's goals, ſo that he may be brought to juſtice. The ſaid John Alcott is a well ſet fellow, about 5 feet 10 inches high, a ſandy complexion, grey eyes, has a down look, a large hooked noſe, and wears his hair tied; the ſaid Margaret is a ſhort thick body, a round likely face, black hair, flat noſe, her eyes black, and ſtand farther apart than common from each other, roſey cheeks, has a ſmall ſcar under her left noſtril reſembling a croſs, ſhe has loſt two of her fore teeth, talkative, and very much for ſinging; ſhe commonly wears a large pair of ſilver buckles, the rims carved, and holes through the rims.

Auguſt 30, 1771. THOMAS ELTON. ‖ 7*s* 6.

THREE POUNDS Reward.

RAN *away, from the ſubſcriber, living in Weſt-Town townſhip, Cheſter county, a Welſh ſervant lad, named* DAVID EVANS, *about* 19 *years of age, five feet ſix or ſeven inches high, a luſty ſtrong lad, has the mark of an old ſcar under one ear, ſhort brown curly hair, and is ſubject to ſlabber: Had on an old ragged tow ſhirt, an old cloth jacket, with cuffs, old tow ſailor trowſers, a half-worn coarſe felt hat, and old neat's leather ſhoes, with ſtrings; not known to have any money with him, except only a one ninth of a dollar bill, Maryland money, ſo ragged that it is hardly paſſable. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid ſervant, ſo that his maſter may get him again, ſhall have the above reward, paid by* JAMES GIBBONS.

N. B. *He ran away the* 26*th of laſt month, and was taken up in the Valley, near Downing's-Town, the ſame day, on ſuſpicion of being a runaway, but got away from the perſon that had him in cuſtody. He is very ſubject to lying and ſtealing.* ¶ September 11.

NOTICE is hereby given to John Galloway, a Millwright, who formerly worked at the Row Mills, by Newton Limevada, in Ireland, and came to this Country laſt Spring, that his Couſin Roſe Moore, came to Philadelphia the 20th of Auguſt laſt, on Redemption, and is very deſirous of ſeeing him before the 20th of September inſtant, as ſhe wants ſome Aſſiſtance to pay her Paſſage, otherwiſe ſhe will be ſold a Servant for 3 Years. She now lives at John Williamſon's, in Newton Townſhip, Cheſter County, near the Square Tavern.

¶ ROSE MOORE.

Ephrata, Auguſt 21, 1771.

TO be ſold or rented, a Plantation, of 11 Acres, and 103 Perches of Land, ſituated in Hinkle-Town, Earl Townſhip, Lancaſter County, near the Great Road from Paxton to Philadelphia; there is on the Place a two Story Houſe, 40 Feet by 22; on the lower Story there are two Rooms with Fire Places, a Shop, and Kitchen; and on the Second three Rooms, one of which has a Fire Place. To the lower Story joins a Potter's Shop of Stone, 15 Feet wide, with the Kiln made after the Engliſh Manner; there are two Cellars, a Barn and Stable, and a Pump of good Water near the Houſe; likewiſe a large Garden, which joins a ſmall Houſe, fit for Buſineſs, an Orchard of 40 bearing Trees, and 30 more lately planted, is very convenient for a Tavern or Shopkeeper, and all the Fences in good Order. The Title for 99 Years, 16 whereof are elapſed; the whole letts for Three Pounds and Five Shillings; there are 3 Acres of Winter Grain. Whoever inclines to purchaſe or rent ſaid Premiſes, may apply to the Subſcriber, living thereon. ‡ JOHN SHULTZ.

TO BE SOLD,

A DUTCH SERVANT MAN, about 26 Years of Age; he is a hearty ſtrong Fellow, and has four Years and ten Months to ſerve. Any Perſon, inclining to buy ſaid Servant, may apply to JAMES WHITEHEAD, in Philadelphia.

N. B. A Perſon, who is capable of tending a Griſt and Saw-mill, and can be well recommended, may meet with Encouragement, by applying to ELIJAH WEED, at the Corner of Arch and Fourth-ſtreets, Philadelphia. ¶

WHEREAS the Subſcriber, living in Cocalicoe Townſhip, Lancaſter County, ſold a COW laſt Spring to a Drover, and ſhe is ſince come back to the Place. The Owner is deſired to come, prove his Property, pay Charges, and take her away. CONRAD MENZER. ¶

Kent County, Maryland, Ninth-month 2, 1771.

THE ſubſcriber, for the better carrying on his mills, makes the following advantageous offers to the acceptor thereof, having beſt burrs and Cologne ſtones, in a fine wheat country, on a good ſtream of water, where may be manufactured upwards of thirty thouſand buſhels of wheat in one year, and hath alſo a commodious ſtore-houſe, where may readily be ſold for ready pay, Four Thouſand Pounds worth of goods in a year; if any perſon of ability and character will furniſh the place with Two Thouſand Pounds in goods and caſh, to carry on the buſineſs in their own names, and be at the charge thereof, the ſubſcriber will keep the mills in good order, and be at all the charge, riſque, and expence attending manufacturing the wheat, and each party to have one half the profits ariſing; or will treat on any other terms, and waits on the premiſes for application. JOHN VANSANT.

N. B. Situate 12 miles from Duck-creek, and an advantage of about Two-pence in the buſhel, of any of the mills on Brandywine, ariſes on the difference of carting wheat and flour to Philadelphia. ¶

September 5, 1771.

To WILLIAM GOLDEN,

WHEREAS a certain PATRICK BRAIDY, alias BRATTY, was advertiſed in the Gazette of July 4, 1771, by you, for feloniouſly taking certain Goods, not yet all known: And whereas the ſaid Advertiſement may be ſomething prejudicial to my Character, I take this Method to acquaint you and the Public, that my Place of Abode, or Reſidence, is in the Townſhip of Waterford, in the County of Glouceſter, my Occupation is Flatting and going by Water, and am well known in Philadelphia, or up and down the River, and if you have any Demands upon me, I am ready and willing to anſwer you, or any other Perſon, that appears againſt me.

¶ PATRICK BRADY.

FORTY SHILLINGS Reward.

RUN *away, in the night of the* 9*th of July laſt, from the ſubſcriber, living in Mill-creek Hundred, New-Caſtle County, a ſervant man, named* WILLIAM M'WHORTER, *born in Scotland, and came in the ſhip Philadelphia, Captain Malcom, from Belfaſt, the beginning of ſaid month; he is about* 19 *years of age, five feet five inches high, ſquint-eyed, pitted with the ſmall-pox, and has black curled hair; had on, and took with him, a new broad-cloth coat, jacket and breeches, one dozen or more of good ſhirts, one pair of tow trowſers, and a ſhoe and a pump. He ſaid he had ſome relations in Philadelphia of the name of Shepperd, who would ſet him free, and it is ſuppoſed he is gone that way. Whoever takes up and ſecures the ſaid ſervant in any of his Majeſty's goals, ſo as his maſter may have him again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by* MICHAEL RANKIN. ‖ 6 W.

CAME to the plantation of the ſubſcriber, living near George Aſhbridge's, in Goſhen townſhip, Cheſter county, on the 2d of this inſtant September, a dark brown HORSE, about 6 years old, paces, trots and gallops, is about 15 hands high, has a ſmall ſtar, a ſhort ſwitch tail, part of his mane hangs to the near ſide. The owner is deſired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take him away.

LYDIA WILLIAMS. ¶

CAME to the dwelling place of James Crouch, in Paxton Townſhip, Lancaſter County, about the firſt of May, 1770. a dark red HEIFER, about one year old, no mark, except a ſmall cut in the right ear, and whether it is made with a knife, or torn by a dog, cannot be diſcerned: She has been ſundry times publiſhed already. Any perſon coming, proving his or her property, and paying charges, may have her again.

¶ JAMES CROUCH.

Glouceſter County Goal, September 12, 1771.

TAKEN up on ſuſpicion, as a runaway ſervant, and now confined here, a young man, about 5 feet 6 inches high, marked with the ſmall-pox, has on a blue coat, homeſpun ſhirt, and check trowſers, ſays his name is HUGH M'CAGE, and that he belongs to one William or John Miller, living near Lancaſter. His maſter, if any he has, is deſired to fetch him away, and pay charges, otherwiſe he will be ſold out in 3 weeks from the date hereof. RICHARD JOHNSON, Goaler. ¶

Glouceſter County, New-Jerſey, September 12, 1771.

I BENJAMIN COLLINS, being under Confinement, in the Goal of the ſaid County, for Debt; hereby give Notice to all my Creditors; that I intend to apply to the next Seſſions of General Aſſembly of this Province for Relief, of which all Perſons are hereby required to take due Notice.

¶ BENJAMIN COLLINS.

THE *Aſſignees of* SAMUEL BOND, *late of this City, Merchant, having received a ſmall Sum of Money, towards the Diſcharge of his Debts, requeſt all Perſons who have any Demands againſt him, to bring their Accounts before the* 20*th of September inſtant, duly proved, to* JOHN BROWN, *of Philadelphia, Merchant, that a Dividend of the ſame may be ſettled.* ¶

College of Philadelphia, September 2, 1771.

DOCTOR *SHIPPEN* will begin his Lectures on *Anatomy, Surgery* and *Midwifery*, on Monday, the 28th of October; in which will be demonſtrated and explained the *Figure, Situation, Structure* and *Uſes* of all the Parts of the human Body on the freſh Subject; after which the Doctor propoſes to perform and explain all the neceſſary *Operations* of *Surgery*; give a Courſe of Bandages; and conclude the whole with ſeven or eight Lectures, containing plain Rules for the ſafe Practice of *Midwifery*, and uſeful Directions for the proper Management of Mother and Child during the Month. Price *Six Piſtoles.*

College of Philadelphia, September 2, 1771.

A COURSE *of Lectures on the* Theory and Practice of Phyſic, *in the firſt Part of which will be unfolded the Doctrine of the* vital, natural *and* animal Functions *of the Body, both in their healthy and morbid States; and in the latter the* Cauſes, Symptoms *and* Cure *of Diſeaſes will be explained. To commence on the* 3*d Day of November enſuing, at* Sixteen Dollars *a Ticket, by*

JOHN MORGAN, *M. D. and Profeſſor of the Theory and Practice of Phyſic.*

DOCTOR *KUHN*'s Courſe of Lectures on the *Materia Medica*, will begin on Monday, the 28th of October, at 12 o'Clock, in which he will treat of the various Subſtances that are employed, either in Medicine or Diet, for the Preſervation of Health, and Cure of Diſeaſes; deſcribe their Virtues and Uſes; inveſtigate the Foundation of the Virtues aſcribed to them; explain their Manner of Operation, and aſcertain the proper Doſes and Circumſtances in which they may be adminiſtred with Advantage.

College of Philadelphia, September 4, 1771.

A COURSE of *Lectures* and *Experiments* on *Chemiſtry*, will commence on Monday, the 28th of October, at 3 o Clock in the Afternoon, by BENJAMIN RUSH, M. D. Profeſſor of Chemiſtry in the College of Philadelphia. In theſe Lectures and Experiments, it is propoſed to deliver not only the chemical Hiſtory of the various Bodies in Nature, ſuch as *Salts----Earths----Inflammables----Metals----Waters*, &c, with their Application to Medicine; but alſo to explain and illuſtrate moſt of thoſe curious Operations in Nature and Art, which depend upon chemical Principles. The whole will be taught in ſuch a Manner, as to be intelligible to the private Gentleman and enquiring Artiſt, as well as the Student of Medicine. The Price of a Ticket *Six Pounds.*

To the FREEHOLDERS, and other ELECTORS, for the City and County of PHILADELPHIA.

GENTLEMEN,

I RETURN you my ſincere Thanks for your Favours paſt, and ſhall be further obliged to you for the Continuance of your Votes and Intereſt, at the enſuing Election.

JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

To the FREEHOLDERS, and others, qualified to chooſe Members of Aſſembly, for the City and County of Philadelphia.

GENTLEMEN,

I AM obliged to you for the good Opinion you have entertained of me, in chooſing me one of your Repreſentatives in the General Aſſembly of this Province, for ſeveral Years paſt; but, as my own private Buſineſs too much interferes with the neceſſary Application to ſo important a Truſt, I muſt beg you will excuſe me, by chooſing ſome other Perſon, at the enſuing Election, to ſerve in my Stead, which will much oblige your ſincere Friend, THOMAS LIVEZEY.

To the ELECTORS of the City of PHILADELPHIA.

GENTLEMEN,

I RETURN you my ſincere Thanks for the Favor, you were pleaſed to confer upon me laſt Year, by chuſing me one of your Repreſentatives in Aſſembly. Being then abſent, at a conſiderable Diſtance from Town, and not having received any Notice of your Intentions, when I left home, I had not a timely Opportunity of requeſting you to excuſe me from ſerving you in that Office. My Reſpect for you engaged me therefore to accept it; and I hope I have, on this, and every other Occaſion, where a public Truſt has been committed to me, acted in ſuch a Manner, that my Fellow Citizens and Countrymen will believe my Conduct has been ſolely influenced by a Regard for their Welfare. As ſeveral Reaſons have determined me not to continue longer in Aſſembly, I earneſtly deſire, you will be ſo kind as to chuſe, at the enſuing Election, ſome Perſon to repreſent you in the Place of, GENTLEMEN,

Your obliged Friend, and faithful Servant,

September 2, 1771. JOHN DICKINSON.

To the FREEHOLDERS and others, the ELECTORS for the Borough and County of CHESTER.

GENTLEMEN,

I ACKNOWLEDGE your Favours in voting me on the Return for Sheriffs theſe two Years paſt; and as I intend to ſtand a Candidate for the Office at the Expiration of the preſent Sheriff's Time, your Votes and Intereſt, at the enſuing Election, in order to keep me on the Return with the preſent Officer, ſhall be gratefully acknowledged and remembered by your real friend, HENRY HAYES. ¶

Darby, Auguſt 26, 1771.

To the FREEHOLDERS, and ELECTORS, of the County of SUSSEX, on Delaware.

GENTLEMEN,

I RETURN you my moſt ſincere and grateful Thanks, for the Honour you conferred on me, in chooſing me your Repreſentative in Aſſembly, for upwards of Forty Years paſt. At length, finding myſelf, through the Infirmities of old Age, unable to ſerve you any longer in that Capacity, I beg that you will be pleaſed to chooſe ſome other Perſon in my Stead, at the next general Election. I am, with much Eſteem, and Regard, GENTLEMEN, your much obliged humble Servant,

JACOB KOLLOCK.

To be SOLD, at public VENDUE,

On the 14th of October, 1771, at the Croſs-roads, Duck-creek,

A NUMBER of LOTS of GROUND, well ſituated at ſaid town, each lot will be accommodated with a ſufficient front, on a fine ſtreet, 50 feet wide, which leads from the main county road, ſtraight to the Maryland road, in which ſtreet, a ſufficient ſpace will be left for a market; the conditions of ſale are, that the purchaſer ſhall pay one fourth of the purchaſe-money immediately, and will be allowed time for the remainder, on giving ſecurity; attendance will be given, and indiſputable titles made to them, by WILLIAM BALL, SAMUEL BALL.

N. B. The above lots have a fine ſituation, in a very flouriſhing town, at the head navigation of Duck-creek, in a rich wheat country, and is a great thoroughfare and place of trade.

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by DAVID HALL, and WILLIAM SELLERS, at the NEW PRINTING-OFFICE, near the *Market.*